



Corporate Governance Statement

The Board is committed to ensuring that Kula Gold Limited (Kula Gold or Company) is properly managed to protect and enhance shareholder interests, and that Kula Gold, its directors, officers and employees operate in an appropriate environment of corporate governance.

Accordingly, the Board has adopted corporate governance policies and practices (the majority of which are in accordance with ASX's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (ASX Recommendations) designed to promote the responsible management and conduct of Kula Gold. Where the Company's practices do not correlate with the ASX Recommendations, Kula Gold is working towards compliance but does not consider that all practices are appropriate for the size, scale and ownership structure of Kula Gold's operations. The Board continues to review the framework and practices to ensure they meet the interests of shareholders. The Company and its controlled entity together are referred to as the Group in this statement.

A description of the Group's main corporate governance practices is set out below. All these practices, unless otherwise stated, were in place for the entire year.

Details of Kula Gold's key policies and charters for the Board and each of its committees are available upon request to the Company secretary.

Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Companies should establish the functions reserved to the Board and those delegated to senior executives and disclose those functions.

The Board is ultimately responsible for setting policies regarding the strategic direction and goals for the business and affairs of Kula Gold.

In discharging their duties, directors are provided direct access to and may rely upon senior management and outside advisers. The Board collectively, the Board committees and individual directors may seek independent professional advice at Kula Gold's expense, subject to prior consultation with the chairman, for the purposes of the proper performance of their duties.

Role of the Board

The responsibilities of the Board as outlined in the Board charter include:

- overseeing the business and affairs of Kula Gold;
- undertaking appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director;
- appointing the managing director and other senior executives and determining their terms and conditions, including remuneration and termination;
- driving the strategic direction of Kula Gold, ensuring appropriate resources are available to meet objectives and monitoring management's performance;



- reviewing and ratifying systems of risk management and internal compliance and control, codes of conduct and legal compliance;
- overseeing and reviewing the Company's occupational health and safety systems;
- approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management and significant acquisitions and divestitures;
- approving and monitoring the budget and the adequacy and integrity of financial and other reporting;
- approving the annual, half-yearly and quarterly accounts;
- approving significant changes to the organisational structure;
- approving the issue of any shares, options, equity instruments or other securities in Kula Gold;
- ensuring a high standard of corporate governance practice and regulatory compliance and promoting ethical and responsible decision-making;
- recommending to shareholders the appointment of the external auditor as and when their appointment or re-appointment is required to be approved; and
- meeting with the external auditor, at their request, without management being present.

Role of Company secretary

The Board will appoint a suitable Company secretary who will report directly to the Board through the chairman on all matters concerning the proper functioning of the Board.

Role of senior executives

The Board delegates day-to-day management of Kula Gold's resources to management, under the leadership of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or, in the event there is no appointed CEO, the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), to deliver the strategic direction and goals determined by the Board.

Companies should undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward a person for election, as a director, and provide material information relevant to an election of that person.

The **Board** is responsible for these matters.

When there is an appointment or election of a director, material information about the proposed director is disclosed in the Company's announcements.

There should be written agreements with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.

It is the practice of the Company to enter into written agreements with all of its senior executives and any executive directors, and for its subsidiary in Papua New Guinea to enter into written agreements with any of its directors who are not directors of the Company. It has not been considered necessary to have written agreements with non-executive directors of the Company as their role is sufficiently covered by the Company's constitution and its written policies and procedures, particularly the Board Charter, Corporate Code of Conduct, Securities Trading Policy and Definition of Independence.



Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of senior executives.

Kula Gold aims to have a clear process for evaluating the performance of senior executives. The Board is responsible for arranging annual performance evaluation of the Company's senior executives, including the CEO. The evaluation is based on specific criteria, including the business performance of the Company, whether strategic objectives are being achieved and the development of management and personnel.

Principle 2 – Structure the Board to add value

It is a policy of Kula Gold that the Board comprises individuals with a range of knowledge, skills and experience which are appropriate to its objectives. The composition of the Board is reviewed periodically to ensure the appropriate mix of skills and expertise is present to facilitate successful strategic direction.

Currently the Board comprises three directors, being a Non-executive chairman, a Non-executive director and an Executive director. The directors have a broad mix of skills, experience and knowledge to enable them to effectively and efficiently discharge their responsibilities and duties. Details of the members of the Board, their experience, expertise, qualifications and independent status are set out in the directors' report in the Annual Reports and on the Kula Gold website.

A majority of the Board should be independent directors.

The Board has adopted specific principles in relation to directors' independence, principles that are in line with those suggested in the ASX recommendations. The Board considers an independent director to be a Non-executive director who is not a member of Kula Gold's management and who is free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to interfere with, the independent exercise of their judgement. The Board will consider the materiality of any given relationship on a case-by-case basis, having regard to both quantitative and qualitative principles. In July 2017 Kula Gold Ltd became a subsidiary of Geopacific Resources Limited ("Geopacific") who secured more than 50% of Kula Gold's issued shares and as the major shareholder appointed three Directors, one as Chairman, to the Board in August 2017.

The current members of the Board are M Bojanjac (Chairman) (appointed August 2017 by the major shareholder Geopacific and a current director of Geopacific) and M Stowell (appointed September 2010) (both Non-executive directors) and M Smith (appointed August 2017 by the major shareholder Geopacific), R Heeks (appointed September 2018 by the major shareholder Geopacific) and G Perotti (appointed March 2017) (all Executive directors of the Geopacific Group).

M Stowell is considered by the Board to be the only independent Director. The Board considers that the existing Board structure is appropriate for Kula Gold's current operations and ownership structure.



The Chair should be an independent director.

Mr M Bojanjac was appointed Chairman of the Company in August 2017 by the major shareholder, Geopacific Resources Ltd, and is not considered an independent director in accordance with recommendation 2.1 of the ASX recommendations.

The roles of Chair and Chief Executive Officer should not be exercised by the same individual.

The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer have never been occupied by the same individual. The Company is cognisant of the distinct difference between these roles and the need to keep them separate.

The Board should establish a nomination committee.

With the Company's current operations and ownership structure the Board has assumed the role of the remuneration and nomination committee. The responsibilities include matters relating to succession planning and recommend candidates for election or re-election to the Board. The Board will periodically assess the appropriate mix of skills, experience and expertise required on the Board and assess the extent to which the required skills and experience are represented on the Board.

Companies should disclose the process for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors.

The Board Charter provides for a review each year of the performance of the Board as a whole, the committees of the Board and individual directors. There have been open communications between directors about issues of performance and discussions with major shareholders about the structure of the Board. However, a formal review process was not undertaken during 2018.

Companies should have a program for inducting new directors and provide opportunities for directors to develop their skills and knowledge.

There is a Director's Pack of Key Documents to be provided to any new director. All directors at different times have had the opportunity to travel to the Company's operations on Woodlark Island in Papua New Guinea to view the operations at first hand. Directors periodically attend mining industry or PNG investment conferences.

Principle 3 – Promote ethical and responsible decision-making

Companies should establish a code of conduct.

The Board acknowledges the need for high standards of corporate governance practice and ethical conduct by all directors and employees of Kula Gold.



The Board has adopted a code of conduct which sets out Kula Gold's commitment to maintaining high levels of integrity and ethical standards in its business practices. The code of conduct sets out for all directors, management and employees the standards of behaviour expected of them.

The code of conduct sets out Kula Gold's policies on various matters, including, conflicts of interest, public and media comment, use of Kula Gold resources, security of information, intellectual property/copyright, discrimination and harassment, corrupt conduct, occupational health and safety and insider trading.

In addition to their obligations under the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to inside information, all directors, employees and consultants have a duty of confidentiality to Kula Gold in relation to confidential information they possess.

The Company has a trading policy which outlines the restrictions, closed periods and processes required when directors and employees trade Company securities. Broadly the policy states that directors and employees are prohibited from dealing in the Company's securities during closed periods. These periods are one week prior to release of the Company's quarterly, half-yearly or annual results or the release of a disclosure document offering securities in the Company. However should price sensitive information, which is not available to the market, be in possession of a director or employee, they must not deal in the Company's securities.

Prior to trading in the Company's securities a director must obtain the approval of the chairman. The chairman must obtain the approval of the CEO. First or second line employees of the CEO must obtain the CEO's approval prior to transacting in the Company's securities. All share trades must be notified to the Company secretary within five business days of the transaction.

Companies should establish a policy concerning diversity and disclose the policy or a summary of that policy. The policy should include requirements for the Board to establish measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity for the Board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them.

The Board has adopted a diversity policy that outlines the Group's commitment to equality and the treatment of all individuals with respect.

The Board considers that diversity within the Group refers to characteristics or factors such as religion, race, ethnicity, language, gender, sexual orientation, disability, age or any other area of potential difference.

Although the Company is listed on the ASX and has its head office in Perth, Australia, its main area of operations, through its 95% owned subsidiary Woodlark Mining Limited, is in Papua New Guinea (PNG) where it is subject to laws and government policies which may not be consistent in all respects with the recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council on diversity. These PNG laws and government policies include:

- Restrictions through the requirements for visas and work permits on the employment of persons who are not PNG citizens.
- Requirements to promote the employment of PNG citizens through training and localisation; and
- conditions of any mining development approval that preference in employment is given, first to local people living in the Project area and secondly, to people from the province in which the Project is situated.



Subject to the PNG aspects referred to above, the Company's diversity policy states the Group is to do the following:

- Attract and retain a skilled and diverse workforce from the communities in which its operations are located.
- Promote and maintain a work environment that values and utilises the contributions of employees with diverse backgrounds, experience and perspectives.
- Take action against inappropriate workplace behaviour including discrimination, harassment, bullying, victimisation and vilification.
- Set measurable objectives for gender diversity that will be monitored and reviewed annually.
- Provide employees with opportunities to develop skills and experience for career advancement.
- Ensure appropriate selection criteria are used when hiring new staff, including Board members, which do not contain any direct or inferred discrimination.
- Ensure that applicants and employees of all backgrounds are encouraged to apply for and have a fair opportunity to be considered for, all available roles.
- Develop flexible work practices to meet the differing needs of employees.
- Comply with equal opportunity and anti-discrimination legislation (where applicable).

Companies should disclose in each annual report the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the Board in accordance with the diversity policy and progress towards achieving them.

The Board, having one female member, have been unable to adopt the objectives for gender diversity due to the present operations undertaken by the company. The existing directors remain in office, at reduced remuneration, and company has one employee. The issue of gender diversity will be addressed as and when the company operations are expanded.

Companies should disclose in each annual report the proportion of women employees in the whole organisation, women in senior executive positions and women on the Board.

The directors' report each year sets out the number of women employees in the whole organisation, senior positions and on the Board.

Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

The Board should establish an audit committee.

With the current composition of the Board having one independent director, the Board has an established audit committee structured so that it:

- consists only of Non-executive directors
- is chaired by an independent director, who is not Chair of the Board

The audit committee and is chaired by an independent director who is not Chair of the Board. The chairman satisfies the test of independence. The Board is of the opinion the composition of the audit committee is appropriate given the composition of the current Board.



The current members of the audit committee are M Stowell (Chairman) and M Bojanjac.

Details of these directors' qualifications and attendance at audit committee meetings are set out in the directors' report.

The audit committee should have a formal charter.

The audit committee has a written charter defining the role and responsibility of the committee. The role of the audit committee is to assist the Board in monitoring and reviewing any matters of significance affecting financial reporting and compliance.

The external auditor will attend the annual general meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the audit report.

The Board should disclose whether it has received assurance from the Chief Executive Officer (CEO or equivalent) and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO or equivalent) that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the *Corporations Act* is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Each year, the Board requires a declaration and assurance in these terms from the CEO (or equivalent) and the CFO (or equivalent) before it approves the annual financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report. This was done in March 2018 in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

Companies should establish written policies designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior executive level for that compliance and disclose those policies or a summary of those policies.

Kula Gold is committed to continuous disclosure of material information as a means of promoting transparency and investor confidence.

The Company secretary has been nominated as the persons responsible for communications with the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). This role includes the responsibility for ensuring compliance with the continuous disclosure requirements in the ASX listing rules and overseeing and co-ordinating information disclosure to ASX.

The Company has written policies and procedures on information disclosure that focus on continuous disclosure of any information concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price of the Company's securities.



Principle 6 – Respect the rights of shareholders

Companies should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

The Company has a professionally designed website on which sets out or provides links to public information about the Company. The website is updated regularly with copies of the Company's ASX announcements, periodic reports, annual financial reports and presentations at conferences.

Companies should design a communications policy for promoting effective communication with shareholders and encouraging their participation at general meetings and disclose their policy or a summary of that policy.

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company. Shareholders are updated on the Company's operations via ASX announcements, "Quarterly Activities Reports", "Quarterly Cash Flow Reports" and other disclosure information. All ASX announcements are available on the Company's website at www.kulagold.com.au, or alternatively, by request via email, facsimile or post.

Notices of all shareholder meetings are announced on the ASX and are available on the Company's website, providing adequate lead time for shareholders to make the necessary arrangement to participate in all shareholder meetings.

In addition, a copy of the annual report is distributed to all shareholders who have elected to receive it.

Companies should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

This is done to a limited extent through Link. As the Company does not have a large number of shareholders, it has not been considered necessary to expand electronic communication facilities at this time.

Principle 7 – Recognise and manage risk

Companies should establish policies for the oversight and management of material business risks and disclose a summary of those policies.

Kula Gold has a process for the identification, monitoring and management of risks associated with its business activities and the implementation of practical and effective control systems to manage them.



The Board should require management to design and implement the risk management and internal control system to manage the Company's material business risks and report to it on whether those risks are being managed effectively. The Board should disclose that management has reported to it as to the effectiveness of the Company's management of its material business risks.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that sound risk management strategy and policies are in place. The Board is responsible for identifying and overseeing major risk areas and that systems are in place to manage them.

The Board has primary responsibility for overseeing the Company's risk management systems, practices and procedures and reviewing periodically the scope and adequacy of the Company's insurance to cover these risks.

A risk register is maintained which identifies the risks to the Company and its operation and assesses the likelihood of their occurrence. The risk register is reviewed and updated periodically.

The responsibility for undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness is delegated to management. Management is required to assess risk management and associated internal compliance and control procedures and report back to the Board on whether those risks are being managed effectively.

Details of these directors' qualifications and attendance at risk committee meetings are set out in the directors' report in the Annual Reports and on the Company website.

Companies should if it does not have an internal audit function and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.

The Company does not have an internal audit function. Physical and financial risks are considered and reviewed periodically by the Board. Occupational health and safety issues are a key responsibility of management which reports on them to the Board on a monthly basis.

Companies should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it intends to manage those risks.

Economic risks are dealt with in the Company's annual financial report, in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The Company may face material environmental and social sustainability risks in Papua New Guinea when the Woodlark Island Gold Project proceeds to development. These have been covered extensively in the feasibility study for that Project, and by the conditions to the Environment Permit for the Project issued by the PNG Minister for Environment and Conservation.



Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

The Board should establish a remuneration committee.

The Board has assumed the role of the remuneration and nomination committee. Details of the directors' attendance at remuneration and nomination committee meetings are set out in the directors' report.

The Board attends to matters relating to Kula Gold's remuneration policy to enable Kula Gold to attract and retain executives who will create value for shareholders and to oversee remuneration packages for executive directors and senior management of Kula Gold.

Companies should clearly distinguish the structure of Non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executive directors and senior executives.

Each member of the senior executive team has signed a formal contract of employment or engagement at the time of their appointment covering a range of matters including their duties, rights, responsibilities and any entitlements on termination. The standard contract refers to a specific formal job description. Each contract sets out the remuneration of the executive, including his or her entitlements to any options under the Kula Gold Limited Option Plan.

Non-executive directors receive director's fees in agreed amounts. One of the current Non-executive directors hold options on terms approved by the ASX. These are set out in the directors' report.

Further information on directors' and executives' remuneration, including principles used to determine remuneration, is set out in the directors' report under the heading "Remuneration report".

Companies which have an equity-based remuneration scheme should have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme, and disclose that policy or a summary of it.

The Company does have an equity-based remuneration scheme – its Option Plan for employees. Participants in the Plan are also subject to the Company's Security Trading Policy. The Option Plan contains a restriction on disposal which, in summary, provides that options under the Plan or any interest in such options cannot (without the approval of the Board) be disposed of or dealt with.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:

Kula Gold Limited

ABN / ARBN:

83 126 741 259

Financial year ended:

31 December 2018

Our corporate governance statement² for the above period above can be found at:³

- These pages of our annual report:
- This URL on our website:

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 24 June 2018 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.

Date: 27 March 2019

Name of Director or Secretary authorising
lodgement:

Garry Perotti

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location] ... and information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management): <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
1.5	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</p> <p>(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either:</p> <p>(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</p> <p>(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</p>	<p>... the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and a copy of our diversity policy or a summary of it:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
1.6	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</p>	<p>... the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and the information referred to in paragraph (b):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
1.7	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</p>	<p>... the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and the information referred to in paragraph (b):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴	
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE			
2.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a nomination committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>	<p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</p> <p>... the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p> <p>... and a copy of the charter of the committee:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p> <p>... and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p> <p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</p> <p>... the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
2.2	<p>A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.</p>	<p>... our board skills matrix:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	... the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location] ... and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location] ... and the length of service of each director: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	... the fact that we follow this recommendation: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it.	... our code of conduct or a summary of it: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴	
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING			
4.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have an audit committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</p>	<p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</p> <p>... the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and a copy of the charter of the committee:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</p> <p>... the fact that we do not have an audit committee and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of our corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
4.2	<p>The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.</p>	<p>... the fact that we follow this recommendation:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	<p>... the fact that we follow this recommendation:</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should: <p>(a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	<p>... our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it:</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	<p>... information about us and our governance on our website:</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> at www.kulagold.com.au Company tab	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	<p>... the fact that we follow this recommendation:</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	<p>... our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders:</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	<p>... the fact that we follow this recommendation:</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR <input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴	
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</p>	<p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</p> <p>... the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and a copy of the charter of the committee:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</p> <p>... the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
7.2	<p>The board or a committee of the board should:</p> <p>(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</p>	<p>... the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>... and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in 2015 Annual Report</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴
7.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.</p>	<p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</p> <p>... how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p> <p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</p> <p>... the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
7.4	<p>A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.</p>	<p>... whether we have any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴	
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a remuneration committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>	<p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (a):]</p> <p>... the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2):</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p> <p>... and a copy of the charter of the committee:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p> <p>... and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5):</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in the 2015 Annual Report</p> <p>[If the entity complies with paragraph (b):]</p> <p>... the fact that we do not have a remuneration committee and the processes we employ for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
8.2	<p>A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.</p>	<p>... separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in the 2015 Annual Report</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	<p>... our policy on this issue or a summary of it:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at [insert location]</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we do not have an equity-based remuneration scheme and this recommendation is therefore not applicable OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable</p>

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ...	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ... ⁴	
ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGED LISTED ENTITIES			
-	<p><i>Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:</i></p> <p>The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity;</p> <p>(b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.</p>	<p>... the information referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b):</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>
-	<p><i>Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:</i></p> <p>An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.</p>	<p>... the terms governing our remuneration as manager of the entity:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> in our Corporate Governance Statement OR</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> at <i>[insert location]</i></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement</p>